

## Examples With Complex Eigenvalues

$$\mathbf{X}' = \mathbf{AX}$$

(Note : Maple writes  $i$  as  $\mathbf{I}$  )

**Our Example:**

$$a := 2; b := \frac{5}{2}; c := -1; d := 3;$$

$$a := 2$$

$$b := \frac{5}{2}$$

$$c := -1$$

$$d := 3$$

(1)

$$ode1 := x'(t) = a \cdot x(t) + b \cdot y(t); ode2 := y'(t) = c \cdot x(t) + d \cdot y(t)$$

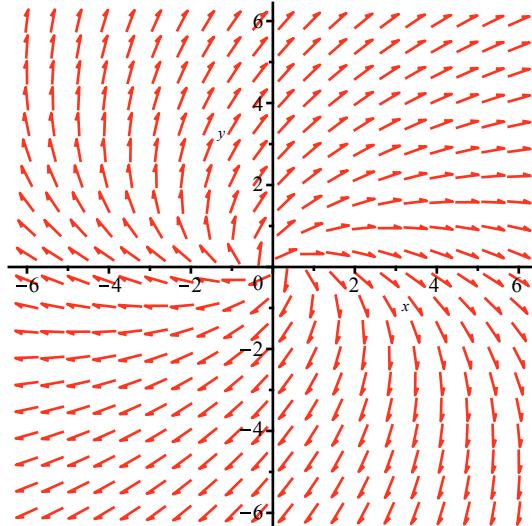
$$ode1 := D(x)(t) = 2x(t) + \frac{5y(t)}{2}$$

$$ode2 := D(y)(t) = -x(t) + 3y(t) \quad (2)$$

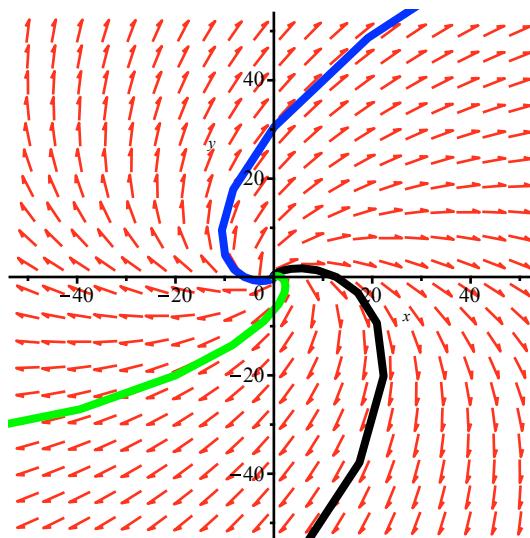
`sys := [ode1, ode2]:`

`with(DEtools):`

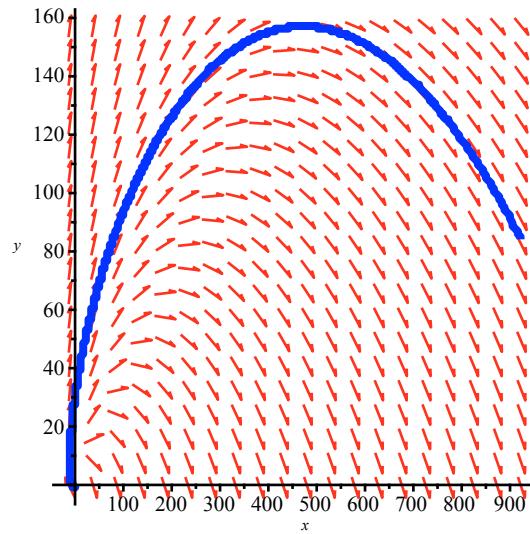
`DEplot(sys, [x(t), y(t)], t=0..2, x=-6..6, y=-6..6)`



`DEplot(sys, [x(t), y(t)], t=-6..2, x=-50..50, y=-50..50, [ [x(0)=1, y(0)=1], [x(0)=-6, y(0)=0], [x(0)=-20, y(0)=-20] ], linecolor=[black, blue, green])`

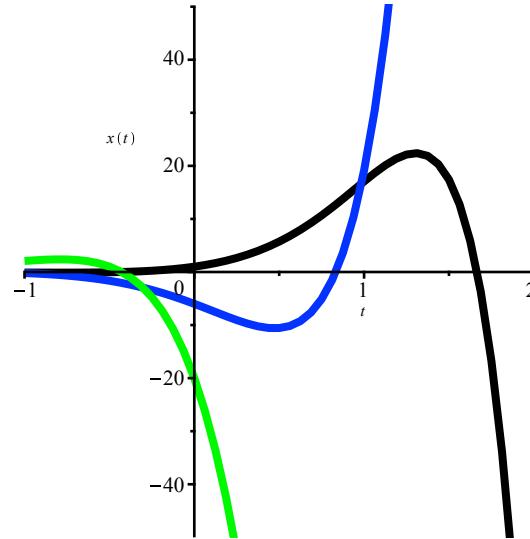


`DEplot(sys, [x(t), y(t)], t = -6 .. 2, [ [x(0) = -6, y(0) = 0] ], linecolor = [blue], numpoints = 5000)`

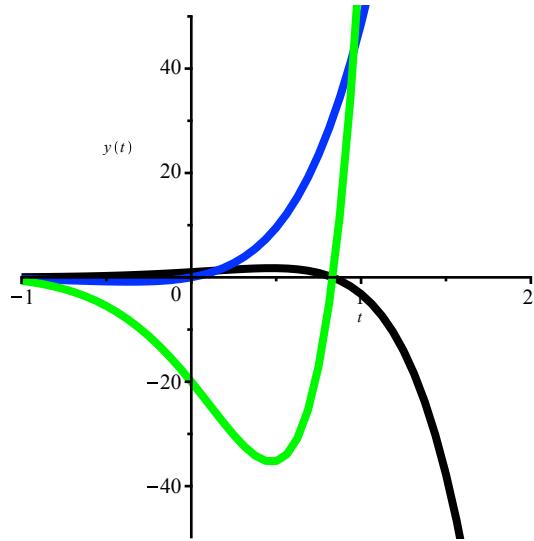


**Let's examine the component plots:  $x(t)$  as a function of  $t$ ,  $y(t)$  as a function of  $t$ :**

`DEplot(sys, [x(t), y(t)], t = -1 .. 2, x = -50 .. 50, y = -50 .. 50, [ [x(0) = 1, y(0) = 1], [x(0) = -6, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = -20, y(0) = -20] ], linecolor = [black, blue, green], scene = [t, x(t)])`



```
DEplot(sys, [x(t),y(t)], t = -1 .. 2, x = -50 .. 50, y = -50 .. 50, [ [x(0) = 1,y(0) = 1], [x(0) = -6, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = -20,y(0) = -20]], linecolor = [black,blue,green], scene = [t,y(t)])
```



## Another Example With Real Part of Eigenvalue > 0

with(LinearAlgebra) :

```
a := 3 : b := -2 : c := 4 : d := -1 :
A := Matrix( [ [a, b], [c, d] ] )
```

$$A := \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (3)$$

CharacteristicPolynomial(A, lambda)

$$\lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 5 \quad (4)$$

Eigenvalues(A)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1+2I \\ 1-2I \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

Eigenvectors(A)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1+2I \\ 1-2I \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} + \frac{I}{2} & \frac{1}{2} - \frac{I}{2} \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (6)$$

[ Note: We could take as an eigenvector  $\mathbf{v}$  with  $v_1 = 1+i$ , and  $v_2 = 2$  ]

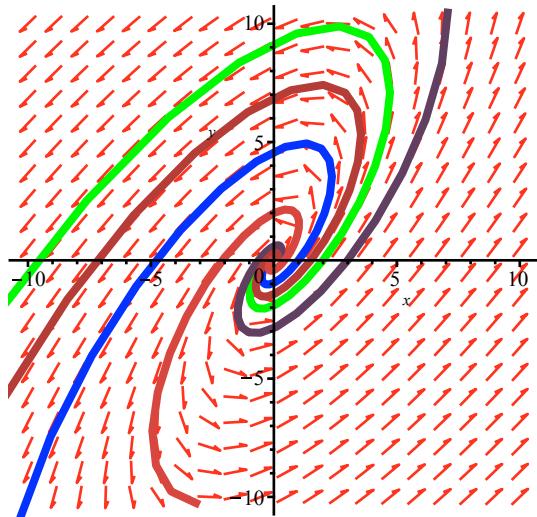
```
sys := [ x'(t) = a·x(t) + b·y(t), y'(t) = c·x(t) + d·y(t) ]
       sys := [ D(x)(t) = 3x(t) - 2y(t), D(y)(t) = 4x(t) - y(t) ] \quad (7)
```

dsolve(sys)

```
{x(t) = e^t (\sin(2t) _C1 + \cos(2t) _C2), y(t) = e^t (\sin(2t) _C1 + \sin(2t) _C2 - \cos(2t) _C1
   + \cos(2t) _C2)} \quad (8)
```

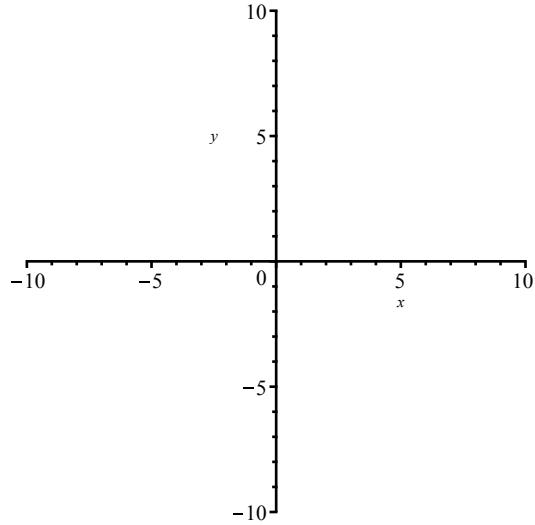
with(DEtools) :

```
DEplot(sys, [x(t), y(t)], t = -3 .. 3, x = -10 .. 10, y = -10 .. 10, [[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 2, y(0)
   = 0], [x(0) = 3, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 1.5, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 0, y(0) = 2]], linecolor = [blue, green,
   violet, brown, orange])
```



We can animate the trajectories

```
DEplot(sys, [x(t),y(t)], t= 0 .. 3, x = - 10 .. 10, y = - 10 .. 10, [[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 2, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 3, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 1.5, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 0, y(0) = 2]], linecolor = [blue, green, violet, brown, orange], arrows = none, animate = true)
```



## An Example with Pure Imaginary Eigenvalue (Real Part of Eigenvalue is 0)

$a := 2 : b := -5 : c := 1 : d := -2 :$   
 $A := \text{Matrix}([ [a, b], [c, d] ])$

$$A := \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -5 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (9)$$

$\text{CharacteristicPolynomial}(A, \lambda)$

$$\lambda^2 + 1 \quad (10)$$

$\text{Eigenvalues}(A)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} i \\ -i \end{bmatrix} \quad (11)$$

$\text{Eigenvectors}(A)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} i \\ -i \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2+i & 2-i \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (12)$$

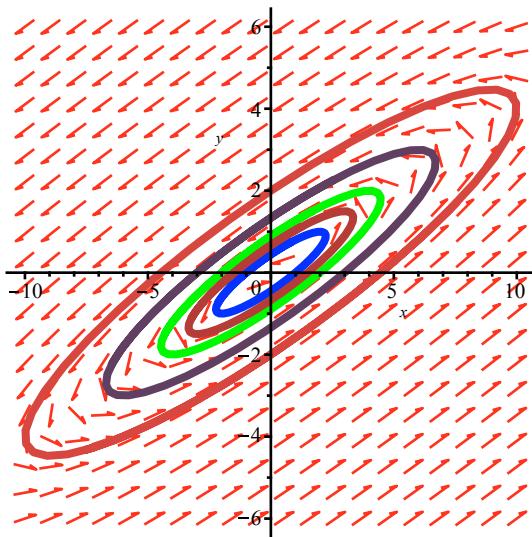
$\text{sys} := [x'(t) = a \cdot x(t) + b \cdot y(t), y'(t) = c \cdot x(t) + d \cdot y(t)]$   
 $\text{sys} := [\text{D}(x)(t) = 2x(t) - 5y(t), \text{D}(y)(t) = x(t) - 2y(t)] \quad (13)$

$\text{dsolve}(\text{sys})$

$$\left\{ x(t) = -\frac{CI \cos(t)}{5} + \frac{C2 \sin(t)}{5} + \frac{2CI \sin(t)}{5} + \frac{2C2 \cos(t)}{5} \right\} \quad (14)$$

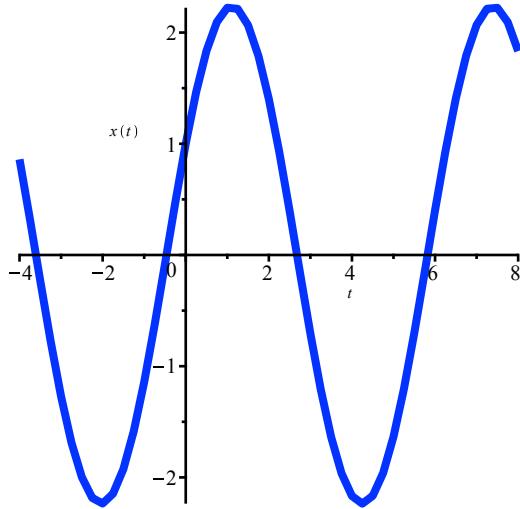
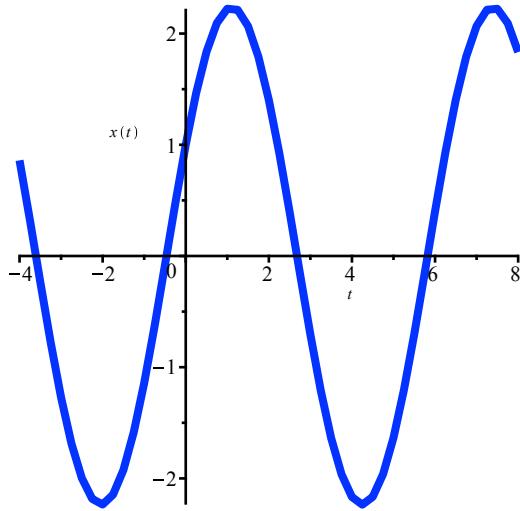
$\text{with(DEtools)}$  :

$\text{DEplot}(\text{sys}, [x(t), y(t)], t = -4..4, x = -10..10, y = -6..6, [[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 2, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 3, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 1.5, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 0, y(0) = 2]], \text{linecolor} = [\text{blue}, \text{green}, \text{violet}, \text{brown}, \text{orange}])$

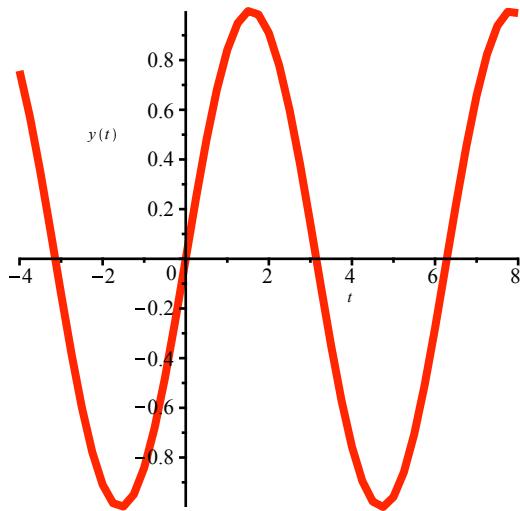


## COMPONENT PLOTS

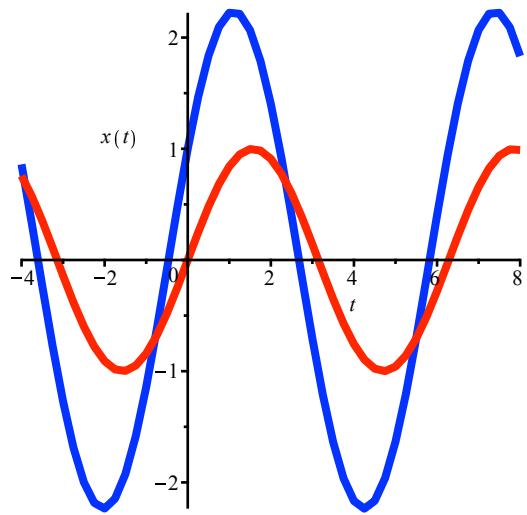
$C1 := DEplot(sys, [x(t), y(t)], t = -4..8, [[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0]], linecolor = blue, scene = [t, x(t)])$



$C2 := DEplot(sys, [x(t), y(t)], t = -4..8, [[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0]], linecolor = red, scene = [t, y(t)])$



```
with(plots) :  
display(C1, C2)
```



## An Example Where Real Part of Eigenvalue is Negative

$a := 1 : b := -1 : c := 5 : d := -3 :$   
 $A := \text{Matrix}([ [a, b], [c, d] ])$

$$A := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 5 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \quad (15)$$

$\text{CharacteristicPolynomial}(A, \lambda)$

$$\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 2 \quad (16)$$

$\text{Eigenvalues}(A)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 + i \\ -1 - i \end{bmatrix} \quad (17)$$

$\text{Eigenvectors}(A)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 + i \\ -1 - i \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2}{5} + \frac{i}{5} & \frac{2}{5} - \frac{i}{5} \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (18)$$

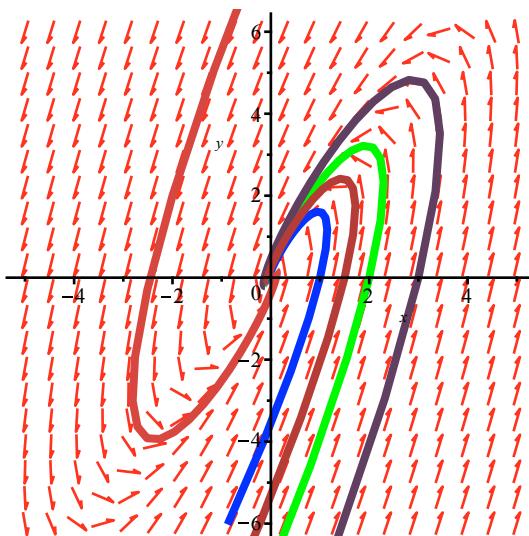
$\text{sys} := [x'(t) = a \cdot x(t) + b \cdot y(t), y'(t) = c \cdot x(t) + d \cdot y(t)]$   
 $\text{sys} := [D(x)(t) = x(t) - y(t), D(y)(t) = 5x(t) - 3y(t)] \quad (19)$

$\text{dsolve}(\text{sys})$

$\{x(t) = e^{-t} (\_C1 \sin(t) + \_C2 \cos(t)), y(t) = -e^{-t} (\_C1 \cos(t) - 2\_C2 \cos(t) - 2\_C1 \sin(t) - \_C2 \sin(t))\} \quad (20)$

$\text{with(DEtools)}$ :

$\text{DEplot}(\text{sys}, [x(t), y(t)], t = -4..4, x = -5..5, y = -6..6, [[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 2, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 3, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 1.5, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = -2, y(0) = 2]], \text{linecolor} = [\text{blue}, \text{green}, \text{violet}, \text{brown}, \text{orange}])$



$\text{DEplot}(\text{sys}, [x(t), y(t)], t = -4..4, x = -5..5, y = -6..6, [[x(0) = 1, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 2, y(0) = 0],$

$[x(0) = 3, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = 1.5, y(0) = 0], [x(0) = -2, y(0) = 2]]$ , *linecolor* = [blue, green, violet, brown, orange], *animate* = true, *arrows* = none)

